

Central Administration in Algeria

1. Definition of Central Administration:

Central administration is the backbone of the state apparatus in Algeria. It plays a crucial role in implementing national policies, ensuring governance, and managing public affairs at the national level.

Central administration refers to the body of public institutions and services that are responsible for the implementation of national government policies and laws. It is centrally located, typically in the capital, and is managed by the central government.

2. Structure of Central Administration in Algeria:

A- Presidency of the Republic: lead the executive branch.

B- Government: including the Prime Minister (Coordinates the work of the government) and Ministers (responsible for various sectors).

C- Advisory institutions: such as:

* **High Security Council:** meet in a regular session whenever necessary, to decide on any issue related to national security that has an internal or external dimension to the country. It may also meet in an extraordinary session, to decide on declaring and ending the exceptional states stipulated in the Constitution.

* **Economic, Social and Environmental Council:** is a consultative institution, a framework for dialogue, consultation and proposals, in all areas of citizen's lives and the nation. Its principal missions are the following:

- Assessment and study of issues of national interest in the economic, social, educational, training and higher education fields.
- Continuity of dialogue and consultation between National Economic Social and Environmental partners.
- Formulation of proposals and recommendations related to public affairs.
- Involvement of civil society in national consultation on economic and social development policies.

* **National Human Rights Council:** had budgetary autonomy and the constitutional responsibility to investigate alleged human rights abuses, officially comment on laws proposed by the government, and submit a published annual report to the president, the prime minister, and the two speakers of parliament.

* **High Council of Youth:** was established by Presidential Decree No. 21-416 on October 27, 2021, which outlines the duties and composition of the council. It serves as an advisory body under the Presidency of the Republic, with autonomy in both financial and legal matters.

3. The Role of Central Administration in Governance:

The central administration is essential in coordinating between the state and citizens, ensuring the efficient distribution of resources, and maintaining law and order. It acts as the primary mechanism through which the executive power operates.

The important functions of central administration are:

- **Policy Formulation and Implementation:** Creating national policies and ensuring their enforcement.
- **Public Service Management:** Overseeing public administration and state employees.
- **Budgeting and Financial Control:** Managing national resources and finances.
- **National Security:** Ensuring public safety and national defense.
- **Regulatory Functions:** Enforcing laws, regulations, and guidelines at the national level.

4. Challenges Facing Central Administration in Algeria:

- Bureaucratic inefficiency and red tape.
- Lack of transparency and accountability.
- Over-centralization of power.
- Limited coordination between central and local government entities.

The central administration in Algeria plays a pivotal role in managing public affairs and ensuring that national policies are implemented effectively. However, ongoing challenges and reforms continue to shape its evolution and effectiveness in governance, the most important of which are:

- **Administrative Reforms:** Efforts to streamline operations and reduce bureaucracy.
- **Digital Transformation:** Introduction of e-governance to improve service delivery.
- **Decentralization:** Greater delegation of authority to regional bodies to improve local governance.

5. Juridical Terminology:

- Resignation: استقالة
- Requisition: تسخير
- Regulative Power: سلطة تنظيمية
- Administrative Ladder: سلم إداري
- Authentic Documents: وثائق رسمية
- Administrative Reform : إصلاح إداري

- Public Function: وظيفة عمومية
- Decree: المرسوم
- Presidential Decree: مرسوم رئاسي
- Executive Decree: مرسوم تنفيذي
- High Functions: مناصب عليا
- Presidency of the Republic: رئاسة الجمهورية
- Prime Minister: الوزير الأول
- Central Administration: الإدارة المركزية
- Advisory institutions: الهيئات الاستشارية
- High Security Council: المجلس الأعلى للأمن
- Economic, Social and Environmental Council: المجلس الاقتصادي، الاجتماعي والبيئي
- National Human Rights Council: مجلس حقوق الإنسان
- High Council of Youth: المجلس الأعلى للشباب